

PRIRODNI SEGMENT TURISTIČKE ATRAKCIJSKE OSNOVE PLANINE VRANICE

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Planina Vranica obuhvata centralne dijelove Bosne i Hercegovine, odnosno pripada oblasti Središnjih Dinarida, te čini tzv. centralni dio vraničkog rejona kome pripadaju još i planine Bitovnja, Ščit, Pogrelica, Zec-planina, Dobruška i Krušička planina. Vranica je planina poznata po bogatstvu geoloških, geomorfoloških, hidroloških i bioloških raznolikosti na relativno malom prostoru. Raznolikost i atraktivnost geološke građe, reljefa, hidroloških pojava, bogatstvo flore i faune, te atraktivnost pejzaža predstavljaju osnovne faktore za razvoj turizma na ovom području. Uz povoljan geografski položaj, te bogatstvo prirodno-geografskih i društvenogeografskih turističkih motiva, Vranica ima potencijal da postane turistička destinacija. Ipak, usprkos bogatstvu turističkih potencijala, turizam je nedovoljno afirmisan u ovom planinskom prostoru.

Rad predstavlja geografsku analizu prirodnog segmenta turističke atrakcijske osnove planine Vranice, te daje kratak prikaz stanja razvoja turizma. Vrednovanjem prirodnih potencijala utvrđeno je da ovo planinsko područje pruža uslove za zadovoljenje pretežno rekreativnih i sportskih potreba turista. Pored nastojanja da se prirodne turističke vrijednosti očuvaju i zaštite, danas je ovo područje ugroženo neodgovornom i nekontrolisanom ljudskom aktivnošću. Najveći antropogeni pritisak je prisutan u slivnom području Prokoškog jezera koje je proglašeno spomenikom prirode 2005.godine.

Ključne riječi: *planina Vranica, prirodno-geografski turistički motivi, turizam, turistička atrakcijska osnova*

NATURAL SEGMENT OF VRANICA MOUNTAIN TOURISM ATTRACTION BASE

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Mountain Vranica includes the central parts of Bosnia and Herzegovina and belongs to the area of the Central Dinarides, and forms central part of Vranički region which includes mountain Bitovnja, Ščit, Pogrelica, Zec-mountain, Dobruška and Krušička mountains. Vranica is a mountain known for the abundant geological, geomorphological, hydrological and biological diversity in a relatively small area. The variety and attractiveness of the geological structure, relief, hydrological phenomena, flora and fauna, and the attractiveness of the landscape are the primary factors for the development of tourism in this area. With favorable geographical position, and abundant naturalgeogra-

phical and socialgeographical tourist motives, Vranica has the potential to become a tourist destination. However, despite rich tourist potential, tourism is not sufficiently recognized in this mountainous area.

This paper presents an analysis of the naturalgeographical segment of the mountain Vranica tourist attractiveness, and gives a brief overview of tourism development. Based on the evaluation of natural resources it can be concluded that this mountainous area provides conditions for the satisfaction of mainly recreational and sport needs of tourists. In addition to the efforts for preservation and protection of natural tourist values, this area is threatened by irresponsible and uncontrolled human activity. The largest anthropogenic pressure is present in the area of Prokoško lake that was declared a natural monument in 2005.

Keywords: *Vranica mountain, naturalgeographical tourist motives, tourism, tourist attraction base*